144

### JOHN ASHCROFT Governor

G. TRACY MEHAN III

Director



Division of Energy
Division of Environmental Quality
Division of Geology and Land Survey
Division of Management Services
Division of Parks, Recreation,
and Historic Preservation

## STATE OF MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102

March 16, 1989

Mr. Robert L. Morby RCRA Branch Chief U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 726 Minnesota Avenue Kansas City, KS 66101

Dear Mr. Morby:

Attached is a request from McDonnell Douglas Aircraft Company in St. Louis for an interpretation of federal regulations as it relates to a proposed management method for off-specification jet fuel. Initially, we had advised Mr. Haake of McDonnell Douglas to seek a regulatory interpretation from the EPA headquarters in Washington (see enclosed letter).

In light of recent conversations between our offices and due to the implications of this issue, we are requesting that Region VII provide assistance in making a determination or providing guidance in this matter.

Your assistance is much appreciated.

Sincerely,

DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Nicholas A. Di Pasquale

Director, Waste Management Program

BM/bm

Enclosure

cc: Mr. Joe Haake, McDonnell Douglas

RECEIVED

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USEPA, RCRA Branch

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RCRA RECORDS CENTER

#### MCDONNELL DOUGLAS

McDonnell Aircraft Company

2/3 Hazardous Waste

12 January 1989

Mr. Kenneth Joe Davis, Chief Data Management Unit Waste Management Program Department of Natural Resources P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

Dear Mr. Davis:

Waste jet fuel is generated at McDonnell Aircraft Company-St. Louis from aircraft fueling and defueling operations. Military specifications for purity of fuel are very stringent, so that minor contamination can cause the material to be scrapped.

Currently, the jet fuel is managed as a hazardous waste and sold to a hazardous waste fuels blender. We are planning to sell the jet fuel as a raw material feedstock to a refining company. The refining company will introduce the jet fuel into a crude oil pipe line. When the crude oil and jet fuel mixture enters the refinery, it will be processed into on-specification jet fuel.

Since the jet fuel will be recycled by being used as an ingredient in an industrial process to make jet fuel, without being reclaimed, it will not be a solid waste in accordance with 40 CFR 261.2. Therefore, we will no longer manage the material as hazardous waste.

Please advise if our interpretation of the regulations and proposed management of the jet fuel is incorrect.

Sincerely,

Hazardous Waste Coordinator Environmental Compliance Dept. 441C, Bldg. 80, Mail Code 0801800

314-895-5240

JH:dsq

EC: St. Louis Regional Office

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Division of Energy
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and Historic Preservation

P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102

February 27, 1989

Mr. Joe Haake
Hazardous Waste Coordinator
McDonnell Douglas
Environmental Compliance
Dept. 441C, Bldg. 80 Mail Code 0801800
P.O. Box 516
St. Louis, MO 63166-0516

Dear Mr. Haake:

The department acknowledges your inquiry of January 12, 1989 requesting the regulatory status of waste jet fuel when introduced directly into a crude oil pipeline.

In this instance, it is recommended that you obtain a regulatory interpretation directly from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency by writing to the following address:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Waste Characterization Branch
Review Section
OS-300
401 M St. SW
Washington, D.C. 20460

If we can be of further assistance in this matter you are welcome to contact this office at (314) 751-3176.

Sincerely,

DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Kenneth J. Davis

Chief, Data Management Unit

KJD/BM/bm

cc: Hazardous Waste Unit, SLRO